

1915(i) Provider Requirements

This guideline contains requirements ND Medicaid Expansion providers must follow.

Compliance with Applicable Laws, Regulations and Policies

Providers enrolled with ND Medicaid Expansion must follow all applicable rules of ND Medicaid and all applicable state and federal laws, regulations, and policies including:

- United States Code (U.S.C.) governing the Medicaid program.
- Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).
- North Dakota Century Code (N.D.C.C.).
- North Dakota Administrative Code (N.D. Admin. Code).
- Federal Department of Health and Human Services policies governing the Medicaid program.
- Written policies of the North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services (HHS); and
- All laws and rules governing provider licensure and certification, as well as the standards and ethics of their business or profession.

Provider policies do not have all ND Medicaid Expansion programs rules and regulations. Any rule citations in ND Medicaid Expansion policies» are for reference and are not a summary of the entire rule.

Scope of Practice

Ordered or rendered services must be within the scope of practice of the provider ordering or rendering the service according to applicable laws and rules.

ND Medicaid Expansion realizes there are other professional sources that define the relationship between the member and provider, including certain CPT[®] code definitions, current CDT[®] definitions, American Dental Association Guidelines and Dental Evidence, the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry Oral Health Policies and Recommendations (the Reference Manual of Pediatric Dentistry), the ASAM Criteria: Treatment of Addictive, Substance-Related, and Co-Occurring Conditions (most current version), The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (5th ed, DSM-5), current HCPCS codes, ethical standards of practice, accepted professional standards of practice, and current evidence-based practice guidelines. Providers are responsible for maintaining the qualification for their licensure «or certification» and are not eligible to order or render services during any periods in which there is a lapse in their licensure «or certification».

National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI)

ND Medicaid Expansion follows the National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Edits. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) developed these edits based on coding conventions defined in the American Medical Association's Correct Procedure Terminology (CPT[®]) Manual, national and local policies and edits, coding guidelines developed by national societies, analysis of standard medical and surgical practices, and a review of current coding practices. CMS annually updates the National Correct Coding Initiative Coding Policy Manual. For additional information reference www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/program-integrity/national-correct-coding-initiativemedicaid/index.html.

Release of Information

Providers are required to release, upon reasonable request, information needed to support the services billed to ND Medicaid Expansion as a condition of your participation in the program. Medicaid Expansion is a covered entity under HIPAA and is acting within its authority to request documentation. Supplying the requested documentation is not a HIPAA violation. Laws applicable to supplying documentation are:

- **45 C.F.R. § 164.506** – uses and disclosures to carry out treatment, payment, or health care operations.
- **45 C.F.R. § 164.512(d)** – allows the disclosure of protected health information to a health oversight agency (which includes ND Medicaid as a government benefit program).
- **42 C.F.R. § 456.23** – ND Medicaid's authority to conduct a post-payment review.
- **North Dakota Administrative Code § 75-02-05-04(2)** – provider responsibilities, including supplying documentation upon request.
- **42 C.F.R. § 431.107(b)(2)** – requiring providers to submit information regarding Medicaid payments for furnishing services.

Member Parity

Providers must treat members and private-pay clients equally in terms of scope, quality, duration, and method of delivery of services (unless specifically limited by applicable laws or regulations).

Medical Necessity

Services, care, prescribed drugs, and supplies ordered and rendered to ND Medicaid members must be medically necessary. Medically necessary/medical necessity means:

- Medical or remedial services or supplies required for treatment of illness, injury, diseased condition, or impairment.
- Consistent with the recipient's diagnosis or symptoms.
- Appropriate according to generally accepted standards of medical practice.
- Not provided only as a convenience to the recipient or provider.
- Not investigational, experimental, or unproven; clinically appropriate in terms of scope, duration, intensity, and site; and
- Provided at the most appropriate level of service that is safe and effective.

See N.D. Admin. Code § 75-02-02-03.2(10); «N.D. Admin Code § 75-02-02-08».

Verification of Member Eligibility

Providers must verify a member's Medicaid Expansion eligibility status before supplying services to the member. This can be done in one of two ways:

1. Log into ND Health Enterprise Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) <https://mmis.nd.gov/portals/wps/portal/EnterpriseHome>. Click on the Member tab then select Check Eligibility.
2. 1915(i) Providers will need to verify the member's benefit requirements for eligibility to receive 1915(i) services, a member may be eligible for Medicaid Expansion but not eligible for 1915(i) services. A member may lose eligibility for 1915(i) services during their treatment. It is the provider's responsibility to verify a member's 1915(i) eligibility by calling Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Dakota (BCBSND) at 701-282-1003 during normal business hours.

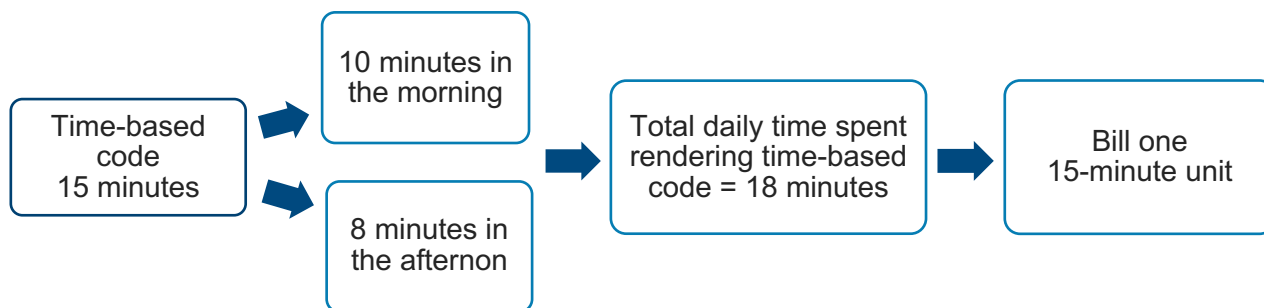
Time Based Units

Time is generally the face-to-face time spent with a member.

When another service is performed concurrently with a time-based service, the time associated with the concurrent service should not be included in the time used for reporting the time-based service.

A unit of time is attained when the mid-point is passed. For example, a 15-minute unit is attained when 8 minutes have elapsed. A second 15-minute unit is attained when a total of 23 minutes has elapsed.

When billing for one code that is billed in units throughout a day, report the total amount of units on one claim line.



Documentation Requirements

Documentation records must:

- Thoroughly document the extent of services rendered and billed. These records are used to decide medical necessity and correct billing.
- Be in their original or legally reproduced form. This may be electronic.
- Support the time spent rendering a service for all time-based codes. Start and stop time is required for all time-based codes.
- Be kept for a minimum of seven (7) years from the date of their creation or the date when they were last in effect, whichever is later. Note: State law may require a longer retention period for some provider types.
- Be signed by the ND Medicaid Expansion provider rendering the service. Claims that do not have signed records are considered non-covered.
- Be legible, promptly completed, dated, and authenticated (signed) in written or electronic form by the person responsible for providing or evaluating the service provided consistent with organization policy. Signatures must follow Medicare requirements.
- Be kept confidential.

Documentation includes:

- Medical records including:
 - Patient's name and date of birth
 - Date of service
 - Start and stop time spent with the member performing the service, to support payment for time-based billed services
 - Name and title of provider rendering the service, if other than the billing practitioner
 - Chief complaint or reason for each visit
 - Pertinent medical history

- Pertinent findings on examination
 - Medication, equipment and/or supplies prescribed or provided
 - Description of treatment «or service provided
 - Recommendations for additional treatments, procedures, or consultations
 - Diagnostic tests and results
 - Dental photographs/teeth models
 - Certification of medical necessity (if applicable)
 - Plan of treatment and/or care and outcome; and
 - Signature and date by the person ordering or rendering the service.
- Claims, billings, and records of Medicaid payments and amounts received from other payers for services provided to members.
 - Records and original invoices for items that are prescribed, ordered, or furnished; and
 - Any other related medical or financial data that may include appointment schedules, account receivable ledgers, and other financial information.
 - Service-specific documentation requirements per policy.

Amending Medical Documentation

Any change or addition to a medical record must have the current date of that entry and be signed by the person making the change or addition.

Late entries supply additional information that was not included in the original record.

- The person documenting must have total recall of the omitted information.

Additions provide information that was not available at the time the original record was made.

- The reason for adding or clarifying information must be added to the medical record.

Corrections when there is an error in the documentation.

- Do not omit or write over any errors in the medical record. Draw a single line through the erroneous information, ensuring the original entry is legible.
- Sign or initial and date the deletion and state the reason for the correction.
- Document the correct information on the next line or space and refer back to the original entry.

These requirements apply to electronic health records. When a hard copy is generated from an electronic record both records must show the correction. A corrected record must clearly reflect the specific change made, the date of the change, and the identity of the person making the entry.

Falsified Information

Deliberate falsification of medical records may be cause for termination from the Medicaid program «and recoupment of paid claims. Examples of falsifying medical records include:

- Creation of new records when records are requested
- Back-dating entries
- Post-dating entries
- Pre-dating entries
- Writing over or adding to existing documentation (except as described in the Amending Medical Documentation section above).

Confidentiality and Record Access

All member and applicant information and related medical records are confidential and must be protected subject to applicable laws. ND Medicaid personnel and authorized agents are permitted access to information concerning any services that may be covered by Medicaid. This access does not require authorization by the member because disclosure to carry out treatment, payment, or healthcare operations are allowed under HIPAA. See C.F.R. § 164.506. This includes health plans contracting with ND Medicaid for information relating to Medicaid services reimbursed by the health plan.

Providers must make available for examination and photocopying, upon request from authorized agents of the state or federal government, all:

- Medical records,
- Quality assurance documents,
- Financial records,
- Administrative records, and
- Other documents and records that must be maintained.

If providers are using electronic medical records, they must have a medical record system that ensures the record may be accessed and retrieved promptly. Failure to make records available may result in the provider's suspension and/or termination from Medicaid.

Release of records to other individuals may only happen if there is a signed release from the member authorizing access to the records or if the disclosure is for a permitted purpose under applicable confidentiality laws.

Payment for Service

Payment for covered services will be made to providers when the following conditions are met:

- Provider is enrolled with Medicaid Expansion.
- Services are rendered by practitioners licensed/certified/qualified and operating within the scope of their practice as defined by law or rule.
- Member is eligible for Medicaid Expansion.
- Service is medically necessary.
 - Medicaid Expansion may review medical necessity at any time before or after payment.
- Service is covered by Medicaid Expansion and is not considered experimental or investigational.
- Service authorization or coverage policy requirements are met where applicable.
- Claims are billed according to policy and correct coding guidelines.
- Billed charges are usual and customary.
 - "Usual and customary charge" refers to the amount the provider charges the public, in most cases, for a specific item or service. Providers may not charge Medicaid Expansion a higher fee than that charged to non-Medicaid covered individuals, even if the Medicaid Expansion fee schedule amount is greater than the provider's usual and customary charge. If special discounts are available to non-Medicaid covered individuals, claims submitted to Medicaid Expansion must represent the same discounted charges as those available to the general public.

- Payment to providers from Medicaid and all other payers do not exceed the total Medicaid Expansion fee. For example, if payment to the provider from all responsible parties is greater than the Medicaid Expansion fee, Medicaid Expansion will pay at \$0.
- Claims meet timely filing requirements.
- If the member has third party liability (TPL), services were billed in accordance with the TPL requirements.
- All claims are subject to post-payment review or audit.

Third Party Liability (TPL)

1915(i) providers refer to the third-party liability section of the provider manual.