

References

S-556

1. Knight Nee Shingler SL, Robertson L, Stewart M. Graduated compression stockings for the initial treatment of varicose veins in people without venous ulceration. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2021;7(7):CD008819. Published 2021 Jul 16. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD008819.pub4
2. Farah MH, Nayfeh T, Urtecho M, et al. A systematic review supporting the Society for Vascular Surgery, the American Venous Forum, and the American Vein and Lymphatic Society guidelines on the management of varicose veins. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2022;10(5):1155-1171. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2021.08.011
3. Whing J, Nandhra S, Nesbitt C, Stansby G. Interventions for great saphenous vein incompetence. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2021;8(8):CD005624. Published 2021 Aug 11. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD005624.pub4
4. Wallace T, El-Sheikha J, Nandhra S, et al. Long-term outcomes of endovenous laser ablation and conventional surgery for great saphenous varicose veins. *Br J Surg*. 2018;105(13):1759-1767. doi:10.1002/bjs.10961
5. Alozai T, Huizing E, Schreve MA, et al. A systematic review and meta-analysis of treatment modalities for anterior accessory saphenous vein insufficiency. *Phlebology*. 2022;37(3):165-179. doi:10.1177/02683555211060998
6. Vähäaho S, Mahmoud O, Halmesmäki K, et al. Randomized clinical trial of mechanochemical and endovenous thermal ablation of great saphenous varicose veins. *Br J Surg*. 2019;106(5):548-554. doi:10.1002/bjs.11158
7. Hamel-Desnos C, Nyamekye I, Chauzat B, Gracia S, Josnin M, Abbadie F. FOVELASS: A Randomised Trial of Endovenous Laser Ablation Versus Polidocanol Foam for Small Saphenous Vein Incompetence. *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg*. 2023;65(3):415-423. doi:10.1016/j.ejvs.2022.11.021
8. Lam YL, Lawson JA, Toonder IM, et al. Eight-year follow-up of a randomized clinical trial comparing ultrasound-guided foam sclerotherapy with surgical stripping of the great saphenous vein. *Br J Surg*. 2018;105(6):692-698. doi:10.1002/bjs.10762
9. Deak ST. Retrograde administration of ultrasound-guided endovenous microfoam chemical ablation for the treatment of superficial venous insufficiency. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2018;6(4):477-484. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2018.03.015
10. Holewijn S, van Eekeren RRJP, Vahl A, de Vries JPPM, Reijnen MMPJ; MARADONA study group. Two-year results of a multicenter randomized controlled trial comparing Mechanochemical endovenous Ablation to

RADiOfrequeNcy Ablation in the treatment of primary great saphenous vein incompetence (MARADONA trial). *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2019;7(3):364-374. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2018.12.014

11. Mohamed AH, Leung C, Wallace T, Smith G, Carradice D, Chetter I. A Randomized Controlled Trial of Endovenous Laser Ablation Versus Mechanochemical Ablation With ClariVein in the Management of Superficial Venous Incompetence (LAMA Trial). *Ann Surg*. 2021;273(6):e188-e195. doi:10.1097/SLA.0000000000003749
12. Thierens N, Holewijn S, Vissers WH, Werson DA, de Vries JPP, Reijnen MM. Five-year outcomes of mechano-chemical ablation of primary great saphenous vein incompetence. *Phlebology*. 2020;35(4):255-261. doi:10.1177/0268355519861464
13. Morrison N, Kolluri R, Vasquez M, Madsen M, Jones A, Gibson K. Comparison of cyanoacrylate closure and radiofrequency ablation for the treatment of incompetent great saphenous veins: 36-Month outcomes of the VeClose randomized controlled trial. *Phlebology*. 2019;34(6):380-390. doi:10.1177/0268355518810259
14. Eroglu E, Yasim A. A randomised clinical trial comparing n-butyl cyanoacrylate, radiofrequency ablation and endovenous laser ablation for the treatment of superficial venous incompetence: two year follow up results. *Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg*. 2018;56(4):553-560. doi:10.1016/j.ejvs.2018.05.028
15. de Ávila Oliveira R, Riera R, Vasconcelos V, Baptista-Silva JC. Injection sclerotherapy for varicose veins. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2021;12(12):CD001732. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD001732.pub3
16. Giannopoulos S, Rodriguez L, Chau M, et al. A systematic review of the outcomes of percutaneous treatment modalities for pathologic saphenous and perforating veins. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2022;10(5):1172-1183.e5. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2022.03.005
17. Ho VT, Adkar SS, Harris EJ Jr. Systematic review and meta-analysis of management of incompetent perforators in patients with chronic venous insufficiency. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2022;10(4):955-964.e5. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2021.12.088
18. Lin ZC, Loveland PM, Johnston RV, Bruce M, Weller CD. Subfascial endoscopic perforator surgery (SEPS) for treating venous leg ulcers. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev*. 2019;3(3):CD012164. Published 2019 Mar 3. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD012164.pub2
19. Lawrence PF, Hager ES, Harlander-Locke MP, et al. Treatment of superficial and perforator reflux and deep venous stenosis improves healing of chronic venous leg ulcers. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2020;8(4):601-609. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2019.09.016

20. Masuda E, Ozsvath K, Vossler J, et al. The 2020 appropriate use criteria for chronic lower extremity venous disease of the American Venous Forum, the Society for Vascular Surgery, the American Vein and Lymphatic Society, and the Society of Interventional Radiology. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2020;8(4):505-525.e4. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2020.02.001
21. Gloviczki P, Lawrence PF, Wasan SM, et al. The 2022 Society for Vascular Surgery, American Venous Forum, and American Vein and Lymphatic Society clinical practice guidelines for the management of varicose veins of the lower extremities. Part I. Duplex Scanning and Treatment of Superficial Truncal Reflux: Endorsed by the Society for Vascular Medicine and the International Union of Phlebology. *J Vasc Surg Venous Lymphat Disord*. 2023;11(2):231-261.e6. doi:10.1016/j.jvsv.2022.09.004